

# Stock of Langlands parameters

As usual NA local res field  $k_F$  of size  $q = p^2$   
 $G/F$  connected reductive  $\leadsto$

$\hat{G}$  split dual gr / 2 with a pinning  $(\hat{B}, \hat{\Gamma}, \hat{e})$

$$\Gamma_F = \text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \xrightarrow{\xi} \text{Aut}(\hat{G}, \hat{B}, \hat{\Gamma}, \hat{e})$$

let  $\Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F = \Gamma_F / \ker \xi$  finite quot of  $\Gamma_F$   
 (trivial if  $G$  is split)

$\rho$  half-sum of positive roots of  $G$

$\leadsto$  cocharacter  $\rho_{\text{ad}}: G_m \rightarrow \hat{G}_{\text{ad}} \hookrightarrow \text{Aut } \hat{G}$

so  $G_m \hookrightarrow \hat{G}$

$$\underline{\text{Def}} \quad {}^L G := \hat{G} \rtimes \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F \xrightarrow{\mu_2} \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F$$

$${}^c G = \hat{G} \rtimes (G_m \times \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F) \xrightarrow{\mu_2} G_m \times \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F$$

$\exists$  canonical hom

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{weil gr } W_F & \xrightarrow{\text{can}} & \mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]^\times \times \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F \xrightarrow{\mu_2} \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F \\ \cap & & \\ \Gamma_F & \xrightarrow{x \mapsto (\|x\|^{-1}, \bar{x})} & \uparrow \text{image of } x \text{ in } \Gamma_{\hat{F}}/F \end{array}$$

$$11.11: W_F / I_F \xrightarrow{\text{inertia of } F} q^{\mathbb{Z}} \subset 2\Gamma_{\frac{1}{p}}^* \xrightarrow{\text{lift of arch. Frob}} q$$

Def A  $2\Gamma_{\frac{1}{p}}^*$ -algebra  $A$  is a from  $A$  an  $L$ -par /  $c$ -par abstract

$$\varphi: W_F \rightarrow {}^L G(A) \quad (\text{resp } \varphi: W_F \rightarrow {}^c G(A))$$

$$\text{or } W_F \xrightarrow{\varphi} {}^L G(A) \quad (\text{resp } W_F \xrightarrow{\varphi} {}^c G(A))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \\ \swarrow \scriptstyle M_2^{\text{con}} & & \searrow \scriptstyle M_2 \\ & \tilde{F}/F & \\ & & \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & & \\ \swarrow \scriptstyle \text{con} & & \searrow \scriptstyle M_2 \\ & A^{\times} \times \tilde{F}/F & \end{array}$$

RK to give an abstract  $L$ -par

$$\Leftarrow \text{give 1-cocycle } c: W_F \rightarrow \hat{G}(A)$$

$$(c(xy) = c(x)(x \cdot c(y)))$$

Goal construct & study moduli stacks of  $L$ -par /  $c$ -par  $\leftarrow$  abstract  $L$ -par /  $c$ -par with extra continuity condition

whatever  $C^{\text{cont}}$  means, it must include triviality on an open subgroup of  $P_F =$

wild inertia =  $\Gamma_F^t \leftarrow \text{max tame ext of } F$   
 $\text{"Gal}(\bar{F}/F^t)$

Structure of tame inertia / tame Weil / tame Gal p

$I_F^t := I_F / P_F$  is procyclic  $\simeq \hat{\mathbb{Z}}^p = \prod_{\ell \neq p} \mathbb{Z}_\ell$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $p$ -Sylow of  $I_F$       profinite cpl of  $\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]$

$$\Gamma_F^t = \Gamma_F / P_F$$

$\text{Ih (Iwasawa)} \Gamma_F \rightarrow \Gamma_F^t$  has a continuous splitting so  $\Gamma_F \cong P_F \rtimes \Gamma_F^t$

Also  $\exists i: \Gamma_q = \langle \sigma, \tau \mid \sigma \tau \sigma^{-1} = \tau^q \rangle \hookrightarrow \Gamma_F^t$

st  $i(\sigma)$  is a lift of arith Frob

$i(\tau)$  is a top gener. of  $I_F^t$

this induces  $\Gamma_q \hookrightarrow \text{pro cpl} \xrightarrow{\sim} \Gamma_F^t$

$$1 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}] \xrightarrow{\quad} \Gamma_q \rightarrow \langle \sigma \rangle \simeq \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 1$$

$\parallel \mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}] = \mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{q}]$

$$\frac{1}{q^n} \mapsto \sigma^{-n} \tau \sigma^n = \tau_n$$

Fix one such  $i \leadsto$  stacks  $L_{G,i} = L_{G,i}$   
 over  $2[\frac{1}{p}]$ , where BC to  $2[\frac{1}{p}]$   $L_{G,i}$   
 will be canonically indep of  $i$   
 Define  $\Gamma_F^i \hookrightarrow W_F$  by

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 \rightarrow P_F & \longrightarrow & \Gamma_F^i & \longrightarrow & \Gamma_g & \longrightarrow & 1 \\ & \parallel & \downarrow i & \square & \downarrow i & & \\ 1 \rightarrow P_F & \longrightarrow & \Gamma_F & \longrightarrow & \Gamma_F^t & \longrightarrow & 1 \end{array}$$

If  $Q = \text{Gal}(L/F^t)$  is a finite quotient  
 of  $P_F$   $\text{at } \ker(P_F \rightarrow Q)$  acts trivially on  $\hat{G}$  (no  $p$ -group)  
 get  $1 \rightarrow Q \rightarrow \Gamma_Q^i \rightarrow \Gamma_g \rightarrow 1$  by

pushout of the top sequence along  $P_F \rightarrow Q$

$$\Gamma_Q^i \simeq Q \rtimes \Gamma_g$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} W_F & \xrightarrow{\text{can}} & 2[\frac{1}{p}]^x \times \Gamma_F^t/F \text{ induces} \\ \uparrow i & & \uparrow \\ \Gamma_F^i & \longrightarrow & \Gamma_Q^i \xrightarrow{\text{can}} \end{array}$$

a map con:  $\Gamma_Q^i \rightarrow 2\Gamma_P^1 \Gamma^* \times \Gamma_F^2/F$

Key pt  $\Gamma_Q^i$  is a discrete fin gen group

RK/interlude Galstact group (eg  $\Gamma_Q^i$ )

$H/\Lambda$  affine sm gr sch over a ring

$\leadsto \exists$  natural affine scheme  $R_{\Gamma, H}^{\text{cl}}$  with action of  $H$  (induced by  $H \curvearrowright H$ ) at  $V$   
conjug

classical  $\Lambda$ -alg  $A$

$$R_{\Gamma, H}^{\text{cl}}(A) = \text{Hom}_{\text{gr}}(\Gamma, H(A))$$

This defines a derived affine scheme  $R_{\Gamma, H}$  whose classical scheme is  $R_{\Gamma, H}^{\text{cl}}$

$$R_{\Gamma, H} = \varprojlim H^I$$

$$(\underbrace{FM(I)}_{\substack{\text{free monoid} \\ \text{on a set } I \\ \text{finite}}} \rightarrow \Gamma)^{\text{op}}$$

not filtered but sifted!

limit in derived affine schemes

point really want  $R_{FM(I)}, H = H^I$

Back to our stocks  $P_F \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}$  as before

define  $L_{G, \mathcal{Q}, i}^\square$  by

$$L_{G, \mathcal{Q}, i}^\square \xrightarrow{\quad} R_{\Gamma_{\mathcal{Q}}^i, G}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \mu$$

$$\text{Spec } 2\Gamma_P^1 \xrightarrow{\text{can}} R_{\Gamma_{\mathcal{Q}}^i, G \rtimes \Gamma_F^{\sim}/F}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{via } \Gamma_{\mathcal{Q}}^i \xrightarrow{\text{can}} 2\Gamma_P^1 \times \Gamma_F^{\sim}/F$$

Set  $L_{G, i}^\square = \varinjlim_{\mathcal{Q}} L_{G, \mathcal{Q}, i}^\square$

$L_{G, i} = L_{G, i}^\square / \hat{G}$  acts by conjugation

$$L_{G, \mathcal{Q}, i} = L_{G, \mathcal{Q}, i}^\square / \hat{G}$$

Tame version if  $G$  is tamely ramified  
 then  $\tilde{F}/F$  is tame &  $P_F$  acts trivially on  $\hat{G}$   
 can take  $\mathcal{Q} = 1$  above

$$L_{G, i}^{t, \square} := L_{G, 1, i}^\square$$

$$L_{G, i}^t := L_{G, i}^\square / \hat{G}$$

Replacing  $G$  by  ${}^2G$  produces  
similar objects  $L_{G,i}, L_{G,i}^t, \dots$

Th (Dat - Helm - Kurinczuk - Moss,  
Zhu, Farques - Scholze)

1)  $L_{G,\mathcal{Q},i}^\square$  is a classical affine scheme  
of fin type & flat /  $\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]$ , reduced, local  
complete intersection, equidim of  $\dim = \dim \bar{G}$   
transition maps in the presentation  $(= 1 + \dim \bar{G})$   
of  $L_{G,i}^\square = \varinjlim_{\mathcal{Q}} L_{G,\mathcal{Q},i}^\square$  are clopen immersion

$\infty$   $L_{G,i}^\square$  is a classical scheme, disjoint union  
of classical aff sch ft /  $\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]$

See  $L_{G,i} = \varinjlim_{\mathcal{Q}} L_{G,\mathcal{Q},i}$  as ind-obj  
stack  
class obj stack  
rel dim 0

2)  $\forall \ell \neq p \quad L_G^\square = L_{G,i}^\square \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]} \mathbb{Z}_\ell$

is canonically indep of  $i$ , more precisely  
 $\forall$  classical  $\mathbb{Z}_\ell$ -alg  $A$

$$L_G^\square(A) \xleftrightarrow{1-1} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{c-param} \\ \text{abstract} \end{array} \right\} \varphi: W_F \rightarrow {}^c G(A)$$

strongly continuous i.e.  $\forall \Gamma \leq W_F$   
 $\Gamma$  copen

$$\forall {}^c G_{\mathbb{Z}_\ell} \hookrightarrow GL(M) \quad \forall v \in M \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}_\ell} A$$

$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{Z}_\ell \\ \text{Gld, } \mathbb{Z}_\ell \end{array}$

$\Gamma v$  is contained in a fin gen  $\mathbb{Z}_\ell$ -submodule  
of  $M \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}_\ell} A$  on which  $\Gamma$  acts cont for the  $\ell$ -ad top

RK 1) essentially by construction

$$L_{G,i}^{t,\square} = \left\{ (g_\tau, g_\sigma) \in \hat{G}_{\bar{\mathbb{Z}}} \times \hat{G}_{\bar{\sigma}} \right.$$

$\bigcap {}^c G \times {}^c G$

$$\left. \text{st } g_\sigma g_\tau g_\sigma^{-1} = g_\tau \right\}$$

here  $\bar{\mathbb{Z}}, \bar{\sigma}$  are images of  $\mathbb{Z}, \sigma$  via

$$\Gamma_q \xrightarrow{i} W_F^t \xrightarrow{\text{con}} G_m(2\sqrt{p}) \times \Gamma_{F/F}^2$$

In particular  $\exists$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} L_{G,i}^{\square,t} & \xrightarrow{\mu_1} & \hat{G} \bar{G} \\ (g_2, g_0) & \longrightarrow & g_2 \end{array} \quad \sim \quad L_{G,i}^t \longrightarrow \hat{G} \bar{G} / \hat{G}$$

If  $\bar{G} = 1$  (eg if  $\tilde{F}/F$  is not no ok if  $G$  is unram) get  $L_{G,i}^t \longrightarrow \hat{G} // \hat{G}$

can then define

$$L_{G,i}^u = L_{G,i}^t \times_{\hat{G} // \hat{G}} \{1,2\} \quad \downarrow \text{found explicit}$$

$$L_{G,i}^{\hat{u}} = L_{G,i}^t \times_{\hat{G} // \hat{G}} \{1,2\}$$

$$L_{G,i}^u \hookrightarrow L_{G,i}^{\hat{u}} \leftarrow \text{ind-obj st}$$

2) over  $2\ell[\sqrt{q}^{\pm}] \exists$

$$L_{G,i}^u \simeq L_G := L_{G,i} \otimes_{2\ell[\sqrt{p}]} 2\ell$$

$$L \stackrel{\parallel}{\hookrightarrow} L_{G,i} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]} \mathbb{Z}_\ell$$

(indep of  $i$ )

$\varphi$  L-parc corr to  $a$   
1-cycle  $\varphi_0 \longmapsto \tilde{\varphi} = (\varphi_0 \cdot (2p) \cdot ||-||^{\frac{1}{2}}, \text{con})$

$C_{\hat{G}}(\varphi) \cong C_{\hat{G}}(\tilde{\varphi})$  are conj by  $(2p)(\sqrt{q})$

centralizer of  $\varphi$  in  $\hat{G}$

3) (relation to WD reps)

$\exists$   $\wedge$  ad-scheme  $WD_G^\square = \varinjlim_{\substack{\mathcal{Q} \text{ fin quot of } I_F \\ \text{acting on } \hat{G}}} WD_{G,\mathcal{Q}}^\square$

classifying  $A$   $\mathcal{O}$ -dp  $\mapsto$  pairs  $(\pi, X)$

$\pi: W_F \rightarrow {}^c G(A)$  abstract c-param  $C^\circ$

for disc top on  ${}^c G(A)$  (ker  $\pi | I_F$  is open)

$X \in \hat{W}_{\mathcal{O}}(A)$  st  $\text{Ad}_{\pi(\gamma)} X = q^{||\gamma||} X$

$\hat{W}_{\mathcal{O}} \subset \hat{G}_{\mathcal{O}}$  nilp cone

$\forall \delta$

$WD_{G, \mathcal{Q}}$  param such pairs at  $r$  is trivial  
 on  $\underbrace{W_F/W_L}$  where  $\mathcal{Q} = \text{Gal}(L/F^w) \leftarrow \underbrace{I_F}_{\text{Frobenius group}}$   
 $\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F^w)$

$$1 \rightarrow \text{Gal}(L/F^w) \rightarrow W_F/W_L \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 1$$

$\approx WD_{G, \mathcal{Q}}$  is an off sch pt /  $\mathcal{D}$ .

$\exists$  map of  $\underbrace{\text{schemes}}_{\text{ind}} / \mathcal{D}$

$$WD_G := WD_{G/\mathbb{G}_m}$$

$$WD_G \xrightarrow{\phi_i} L_{G, i}^{\square} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]} \mathcal{D}$$

$$W_F \vee (r, x) \rightarrow \varphi$$

$$\varphi: \Gamma_F^i \rightarrow {}^c G(A)$$

$$\gamma \rightarrow r(i(\gamma)) e^{dx}$$

$d \in \mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]$  at im of  $\gamma$  in  $T_g$   
 is  $\sigma \|\gamma\| \cdot \mathbb{Z}^d$

$$e: \underbrace{W_{\mathcal{D}}}_{\text{exp}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\tilde{W}_{\mathcal{D}}}_{\text{unip variety in } \tilde{G}_{\mathcal{D}}}$$

Th (then, version of Grothendieck's  
 quasi-unip th)  $\phi_i$  is an isom.

$$WD_G \xrightarrow{\sim} L_{G,i} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[1/p]} \mathbb{D}$$

this  $\Rightarrow$   $L_{G,i}^{\text{coarse}} := \text{Spf} \bigoplus_i H^0(L_{G,i}, \mathcal{O})$

is indep of  $i$

$$\varinjlim_{\mathcal{Q}} \underbrace{\text{Spec } H^0(L_{G,\mathcal{Q},i}, \mathcal{O})}_{L_{G,\mathcal{Q},i}^\square // \hat{G}}$$